INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education of the Fort Edward Union Free School District Ford Edward, New York:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Fort Edward Union Free School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Fort Edward Union Free School District as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information:

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 4 through 10), schedule of funding progress for the District's postemployment healthcare plan (Supplemental Schedule 1), budgetary comparison information (Supplemental Schedule 2), Schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) (Supplemental Schedule 3), and Schedule of District pension contributions (Supplemental Schedule 4), be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information:

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Fort Edward Union Free School District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Changes from adopted budget to final budget and the real property tax limit (Supplemental Schedule 5) and net investment in capital assets (Supplemental Schedule 6) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

Supplemental Schedules 5 and 6 and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, Supplemental Schedules 5 and 6 and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 14, 2015 on our consideration of the Fort Edward Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Fort Edward Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

FLYNN, WALKER, DIGGIN C.P.A., P.C.

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October 14, 2015

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Fort Edward Union Free School District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The section is a summary of the School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is also based on both the government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

The School District's net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 was \$5,455,118, an increase of \$915,058 or 20% from the prior year. A detailed table of the District's net position can be found on page six. This increase is partially due to an operating surplus from the general fund of \$393,189. The District's enrollment remained steady at approximately 550 students. There were no active capital projects during the 2014-15 fiscal year. The District refinanced two bonds which will result in a total savings of just over \$80,000 over the next five years. State Aid increased over 6% this past year, the largest increase in state aid in over six years. The District's total five year GEA (Gap Elimination Adjustment) or reduction in state aid is now \$2,016,842.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: MD&A (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the School District:

- The first two statements are *district-wide* financial statements that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the School District's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the School District, reporting the School District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements.
- The *governmental funds statements* tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the *short-term* as well as what remains for future spending.
- *Fiduciary funds* statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the School District acts solely as a *trustee* or *agent* for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the School District's budget for the year.

FORT EDWARD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

District-Wide Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the School District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the School District's net position and how it has changed. Net position - the difference between the School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is one way to measure the School District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the School District's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the School District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the district-wide financial statements, the School District's activities are shown as *Governmental activities*. Most of the School District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes and State formula aid finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School District's funds. Funds are accounting devices the School District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The School District establishes other funds to control and to manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Federal grants).

The District has two kinds of funds:

1. Governmental Funds: Most of the School District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, a statement reconciling the two sets of statements is provided.

FORT EDWARD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

Fund Financial Statements, Continued

2. Fiduciary Funds: The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the scholarship fund and student activities funds. The School District is responsible for ensuring the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The School District excludes these activities from the district-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole

The following table provides a summary of the School District's net position:

Governmental	Activities and	Total School	District Net	Position
--------------	----------------	---------------------	--------------	----------

-	2014	2015	Change	0/ Ch
	(Restated)	2015	2014-15	% Change
Assets:	(Restated)			
Current and Other Assets	\$ 4,410,926	7,418,583	3,007,657	68.19%
Capital Assets, Net	12,151,916	11,699,408	(452,508)	(3.72%)
Total Assets	16,562,842	19,117,991	2,555,149	15.43%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	656,492	781,834	125,342	19.09%
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of				
Resources	\$ 17,219,334	19,899,825	2,680,491	15.57%
Liabilities:				
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 12,369,874	12,320,628	(49,246)	(0.40%)
Other Liabilities	309,400	144,229	(165,171)	(53.38%)
Total Liabilities	12,679,274	12,464,857	(214,417)	(1.69%)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	*	1,979,850	1,979,850	100.00%
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of				
Resources	12,679,274	14,444,707	1,765,433	13.92%
Net Position:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,341,916	4,624,408	282,492	6.51%
Restricted	2,662,317	2,571,318	(90,999)	(3.42%)
Unrestricted	(2,464,173)	(1,740,608)	723,565	29,36%
Total Net Position	4,540,060	5,455,118	915,058	20.16%
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Net Position	\$ 17,219,334	19,899,825	2,680,491	15.57%

Changes in Net Position from Operating Results

	2014	2015	Change 2014-15	% Change
	(Restated)	2015	2014-13	76 Change
Revenue	57 TELESCO A BENESIO E SUPERIOR			
Program Revenues				
Sales/Charges for Services	\$ 203,052	140,344	(62,708)	(30.9%)
Operating Grants and Contributions	635,563	752,410	116,847	18.4%
General Revenues				
Property Taxes (Including Star)	3,611,225	3,669,719	58,494	1.6%
State Aid	5,874,623	6,264,680	390,057	6.6%
Medicaid/Medicare Reimbursements	45,066	40,481	(4,585)	(10.2%)
Use of Money and Property	46,002	59,876	13,874	30.2%
Miscellaneous	105,874	129,847	_23,973	22.6%
Total Revenues	10,521,405	11,057,357	535,952	5.1%

FORT EDWARD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole, Continued

Changes in Net Position from Operating Results, Continued

	2014 (Restated)	2015	Change <u>2014-15</u>	% Change
Expenses				
General Support	\$ 1,017,430	1,046,018	28,588	2.8%
Instruction	5,276,184	5,170,158	(106,026)	(2.0%)
Pupil Transportation	227,431	267,929	40,498	17.8%
Employee Benefits	2,019,975	1,943,983	(75,992)	(3.76%)
Community Services	5,000	5,000	12	=
Debt Service - Interest	299,917	304,433	4,516	1.5%
School Lunch Program	214,789	250,670	35,881	16.7%
Other Postemployment Benefits (GASB 45)	660,787	633,447	(27,340)	(4.1%)
Unallocated Depreciation	548,548	520,661	(27,887)	(5.1%)
Total Expenses	10,270,061	10,142,299	(127,762)	(1.2%)
Changes in Net Position	\$251,344	915,058	663,714	264.1%

Revenue: In the 2014-15 year, revenue increased by \$535,952, or 5.1%. State aid was the largest increase at \$390,057, or 6.6%. There was a slight increase in foundation aid as well as a restoration of approximately \$118,000 of GEA (Gap Elimination Adjustment) along with increase in excess cost and lottery aid. Overall property taxes increased by approximately \$58,494 or 1.64%, staying just under the tax cap. Operating grants were up over \$116,000 primarily in Federal Grants such as IDEA 611 and Title IA.

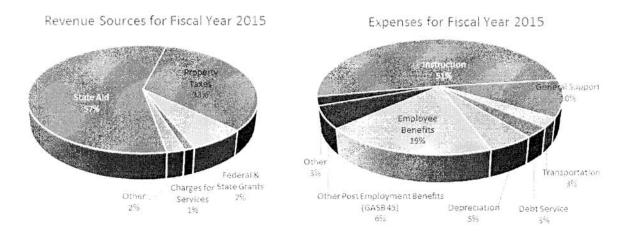
Charges for services includes tuition for out of district students enrolled in special education programs. Charges for services decreased by 31% or \$62,708.

Expenses: The District as a whole had a reduction in expenses of \$127,762 or 1.2% compared to 2014. Instruction went down \$106,026 or 2% due to a number of factors. For example, special education enrollment to outside private and public schools can fluctuate from year to year and this past year enrollment dropped. The District also had a decrease in teacher salaries due to retirements.

The District had increases in transportation, school lunch, and in general support that totaled just over \$100,000. The District had to sub-contract some of its transportation for special education increasing the cost over \$30,000. The 2014-15 fiscal year was the first year the District sub-contracted its food service to Aramark. Expenses increased slightly by \$35,000 from the prior year due to increased meal sales. However, overall the school lunch fund returned a surplus for the first time in over ten years.

FORT EDWARD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole, Continued



Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

The governmental funds of the School District consist of the General Fund, Special Aid Fund, and the School Lunch Fund. The total fund balance allocated between these funds is as follows:

FUND BALANCE

	Non-spendable	Restricted	Assigned	Unassigned	Total
General Fund	\$ -	2,571,318	405,060	680,664	3,657,042
Special Aid Fund		-	•	•	•
School Lunch Fund	2,633			128	2,761
Total	\$ 2,633	2,571,318	405,060	680,792	3,659,803

Due to the reduction of restricted and assigned fund balance along with an operating surplus for the year ended June 30, 2015, the general fund unassigned fund balance increased to \$680,664 which is available for future use. Also, in July 2015, the Board of Education approved \$200,000 of unassigned fund balance to be restricted for the purposes of tax certiorari proceedings.

FORT EDWARD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund is the only fund in which the budget is legally adopted. The following table compares the budget to the revised budget and actual expenditures for the General Fund.

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Current Year Actual		Variance
Revenues:					
Real Property Taxes	\$ 3,065,991	3,065,991	3,080,341		14,350
Other Tax Items	603,730	603,730	589,378		(14,352)
Charges for Services	116,700	116,700	68,527		(48,173)
Use of Money and Property	47,077	57,149	59,876		2,727
Miscellaneous Revenues	122,500	122,500	143,708		21,208
Total Local Sources	3,955,998	3,966,070	3,941,830		(24,240)
State Sources	6,190,649	6,190,649	6,264,680		74,031
Medicare/Medicaid	50,000	50,000	40,481		(9,519)
Total Revenues	10,196,647	10,206,719	10,246,991		40,272
Other Financing Sources:					
Prior Year Encumbrances	540	540	필		(540)
Appropriated Reserves	560,000	560,000	-		(560,000)
Total Revenues and					
Other Sources	\$ 10,757,187	10,767,259	10,246,991		(520,268)
				Year-End	Final Budget
				Encumbrances	Variance
Expenditures:					
General Support	\$ 1,087,504	1,187,916	1,089,698	24,060	74,158
Instruction	5,334,035	5,314,575	4,674,558	-	640,017
Transportation	286,808	307,628	286,146	187	21,482
Community Services	5,000	5,000	5,000	-	-
Employee Benefits	2,931,515	2,839,815	2,697,616	847	142,199
Debt Service	1,092,325	1,092,325	1,085,475	-	6,850
Total Expenditures	10,737,187	10,747,259	9,838,493	24,060	884,706
Interfund Transfer	20,000	20,000	15,309		4,691
Total Expenditures	\$ 10,757,187	10,767,259	9,853,802	24,060	889,397

In reviewing the budgetary variances, the School District under spent the original expenditure budget by \$889,397 or 8%. Instruction was well under the budget by 12% or \$640,000. Of this, special education was underspent by over \$400,000 due to change in special education enrollment. Employee benefits was 5% under budget. The District was budgeting retirements that did not occur.

FORT EDWARD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

Government Activities and Total School District

	2014	2015	% Change
Land	\$ 8,73	8,731	0%
Buildings	11,650,305	5 11,256,781	(3.4%)
Vehicles and Equipment	492,880	433,896	(12.0%)
Totals	\$ 12,151,916	11,699,408	(3.7%)

Long-Term Debt

As of June 30, 2015, the School District had total serial bonds outstanding of \$7,075,000. This amount is backed by the full faith and credit of the Fort Edward Union Free School District. The debt service payments are anticipated to be funded by approved New York State building aid and voter approved property taxes.

	<u>2014</u>	2015	% Change	
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 7,810,000	7,075,000	(9.41%)	

Short-Term Debt

As of June 30, 2015, the School District had no short-term debt in the form of Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN) or Revenue Anticipation Notes (RAN).

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the School District's residents, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to demonstrate the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact:

Mr. Troy Tyler, District Treasurer Fort Edward Union Free School District 220 Broadway Fort Edward, New York 12828

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

JUNE 30, 2015

Assets

Cash:	
Unrestricted	\$ 719,032
Restricted	2,571,318
Receivables:	
Accounts Receivable	8,054
State and Federal Aid	878,906
Due From Fiduciary Funds	353,537
Inventories	2,633
Capital Assets, net	11,699,408
Net Pension Asset - Proportionate Share	2,885,103
Total Assets	19,117,991
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred Charge on Bond Refunding	40,091
Pensions	741,743
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	781,834
	\$ 19,899,825
Liabilities	
Payables:	
Accounts Payable	\$ 122,896
Accrued Liabilities	8,836
Unearned Revenues	12,497
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due and Payable Within One Year:	
Bonds Payable	845,000
Due to Teachers' Retirement System	710,907
Due to Employees' Retirement System Due and Payable After One Year:	27,377
Bonds Payable	6,230,000
	823,619
Compensated Absences	
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share	3,599,250
Total Liabilities	84,475 12,464,857
Deferred Inflows of Resources Pensions	1,979,850
· viisions	1,272,030
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,624,408
Restricted	2,571,318
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(1,740,608)
Total Net Position	5,455,118
	\$ 19,899,825

See Notes To Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		Indirect Expenses	Program I Charges for	Operating	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Allocation	Services	Grants	Net Position
General Support	\$ (1,046,018)	(255,242)			(1,301,260)
Instruction	(5,170,158)	(2,097,570)	68,527	532,397	(6,666,804)
Pupil Transportation	(267,929)	(93,978)	06,527	332,391	(361,907)
Community Services	(5,000)	(93,978)			(5,000)
Employee Benefits	(1,943,983)	1,943,983		_	(3,000)
Debt Service - Interest	(304,433)	1,943,963	-		(304,433)
School Lunch Program	(250,670)	(17,854)	71,817	220,013	23,306
Other Postemployment Benefits	(633,447)	(17,034)	/1,01/	220,013	(633,447)
Depreciation, Unallocated		520,661	-	-	(033,447)
Total Functions and Programs	\$ (10,142,299)	320,001	140,344	752,410	(9,249,545)
Total Functions and Frograms	5 (10,142,299)	_	140,344	732,410	(9,249,343)
General Revenues					
Real Property Taxes					3,080,341
Real Property Tax Items					589,378
Use of Money and Property					59,876
Miscellaneous					129,847
State Sources					6,264,680
Medicaid Reimbursement					31,911
Medicare Reimbursement					8,570
Total General Revenues					10,164,603
Change in Net Position					915,058
Total Net Position- Beginning of	of Year				3,816,786
Prior Period Adjustments	71 1 001				723,274
Total Net Position- Beginning of	of Year, Restated				4,540,060
Total fiel Losition Beginning	car, restated				
Total Net Position - End of Year	r				\$ 5,455,118

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2015

Assets	General	Special Aid	School Lunch	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Unrestricted Cash	\$ 543,361	113,666	62,005	719,032
Restricted Cash	2,571,318		50000000000000000000000000000000000000	2,571,318
Accounts Receivable	8,054	-	-	8,054
State and Federal Aid Receivable	494,021	350,976	33,909	878,906
Due From Other Funds	898,187	*		898,187
Inventories	*	-	2,633	2,633
Total Assets	\$ 4,514,941	464,642	98,547	5,078,130
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$ 107,648	-	15,248	122,896
Due to Other Funds		464,642	80,008	544,650
Due to Teachers' Retirement System	710,907		-	710,907
Due to Employees' Retirement System	27,377	5	-	27,377
Unearned Revenues	11,967		530	12,497
Total Liabilities	857,899	464,642	95,786	1,418,327
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	-	-	2,633	2,633
Restricted	2,571,318	-	-	2,571,318
Assigned	405,060	-	-	405,060
Unassigned	680,664		128	680,792
Total Fund Balances	3,657,042		2,761	3,659,803
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 4,514,941	464,642	98,547	5,078,130

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

				Total
		Special	School	Governmental
	General	Aid	Lunch	Funds
Revenues				
Real Property Taxes	\$ 3,080,341	-	1.00	3,080,341
Real Property Tax Items	589,378			589,378
Charges for Services	68,527		15	68,527
Use of Money and Property	59,876	(*)	93	59,969
Miscellaneous	143,708	-	914	144,622
State Sources	6,264,680	163,043	6,178	6,433,901
Medicaid Reimbursement	31,911	103,013	0,170	31,911
Medicare Reimbursement	8,570			8,570
Federal Sources	0,570	369,354	199.049	568,403
Surplus Food	8	307,334	14,786	14,786
Sales - School Lunch		1.70	70,810	70,810
Total Revenues	10,246,991	532,397	291,830	11,071,218
1.501.501.500.50000				11,071,210
Expenditures				
General Support	1,089,698	-		1,089,698
Instruction	4,674,558	478,074		5,152,632
Pupil Transportation	286,146	04.0		286,146
Community Services	5,000	1.00	50 = 0	5,000
Employee Benefits	2,697,616	69,632	18,282	2,785,530
Debt Service				052249930 505300
Principal	830,000	-		830,000
Interest	255,475	S#1)		255,475
Cost of Sales	200,	-	270,787	270,787
Total Expenditures	9,838,493	547,706	289,069	10,675,268
	Charles Const			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	408,498	(15,309)	2,761	395,950
Other Sources and Uses				
Operating Transfers In		15,309	355	15,309
Operating Transfers (Out)	(15,309)	-	-	(15,309)
Total Other Sources and Uses	(15,309)	15,309		
Special Items				
Other Financing Sources - Proceeds of Refunding Bonds,				
Net of Bond Premium and Issuance Costs	2,264,169			2 264 160
		7. 11 .12	1.0	2,264,169
Other Financing Uses - Payment to Bond Escrow Agent	(2,260,937)			(2,260,937)
Total Special Items	3,232			3,232
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources				
Over Expenditures, Other Uses and Special Items	396,421		2,761	399,182
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	3,258,321	-		3,258,321
Prior Period Adjustment	2,300	-		2,300
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year as Restated	3,260,621	-	-	3,260,621
, and ramine, regimning of real as restated	3,200,021			3,200,021
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 3,657,042	-	2,761	3,659,803

STATEMENT E

FORT EDWARD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2015

Private	
Purpose	
Trusts	Agency
\$ -	389,990
38,292	11,072
\$ 38,292	401,062
\$ -	11,072
2	18,579
*	17,874
5	353,537
-	401,062
38,292	
\$ 38 292	401,062
	Purpose <u>Trusts</u> \$ - 38,292 \$ 38,292

FORT EDWARD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Private	
		urpose <u>Frusts</u>
Additions		
Gifts and Contributions	\$	2,941
Investment Earnings		40
Total Additions		2,981
Deductions		
Scholarships and Awards	-	3,675
Change in Net Position		(694)
Net Position - Beginning of Year		38,986
Net Position - End of Year	\$	38,292

See Notes To Financial Statements

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2015

	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Long-Term Assets, Liabilities	Reclassifications and Eliminations	Statement of Net Position Totals
Assets				
Cash:				
Unrestricted	\$ 719,032	-	2	719,032
Restricted	2,571,318	-		2,571,318
Receivables:				
Accounts Receivable	8,054	-	2	8,054
State and Federal Aid	878,906		ancerature annual	878,906
Due From Other Funds	898,187	2	(898,187)	12
Due From Fiduciary Funds		:=	353,537	353,537
Inventories	2,633	<u>~</u>	28	2,633
Capital Assets, net	· ·	11,699,408	#3	11,699,408
Net Pension Asset - Proportionate Share		2,885,103		2,885,103
Total Assets	5,078,130	14,584,511	(544,650)	19,117,991
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred Charge on Bond Refunding	62	40,091	20	40,091
Pensions		741,743		741,743
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		781,834	-	781,834
	\$ 5,078,130	15,366,345	(544,650)	19,899,825
Liabilities				
Payables				
Accounts Payable	\$ 122,896		•	122,896
Accrued Liabilities	** *** ***	8,836	-	8,836
Due to Other Funds	544,650	*	(544,650)	*
Due to Teachers' Retirement System	710,907	-		710,907
Due to Employees' Retirement System	27,377	-		27,377
Uncarned Revenues	12,497		15	12,497
Bonds Payable	4	7,075,000		7,075,000
Compensated Absences		823,619	1,51	823,619
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	-	3,599,250	-	3,599,250
Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share		84,475		84,475
Total Liabilities	1,418,327	11,591,180	(544,650)	12,464,857
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Pensions	-	1,979,850		1,979,850
Fund Balance \ Net Position				
Total Fund Balance \ Net Position	3,659,803	1,795,315		5,455,118
	\$ 5,078,130	15,366,345	(544,650)	19,899,825

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Revenues	Total Governmental Funds	Long-Term Revenue, Expenses	Capital Related Items	Long-Term Debt <u>Transactions</u>	Eliminations	Statement of Activities Totals
D1 D	5 2 000 244					2.000.241
Real Property Taxes	\$ 3,080,341	8	5.5		**	3,080,341
Real Property Tax Items	589,378	-		140	-	589,378
Charges for Services	68,527	-	•	-	•	68,527
Use of Money and Property	59,969	*			-	59,969
Miscellaneous	144,622	20	(13,861)	-	-	130,761
State Sources	6,433,901	75	100	7	17.1	6,433,901
Medicaid Reimbursement	31,911	*	3 - 0			31,911
Medicare Reimbursement	8,570	20	•		120	8,570
Federal Sources	568,403	5	173		(2)	568,403
Surplus Food	14,786	*	-	-	(*)	14,786
Sales - School Lunch	70,810					70,810
Total Revenues	11,071,218		(13,861)			11,057,357
Expenditures						
General Support	1,089,698		(43,680)		(*)	1,046,018
Instruction	5,152,632	17,526		2	(27)	5,170,158
Pupil Transportation	286,146	#0	(18,217)		: - ::	267,929
Community Services	5,000	*	-	-	(m)	5,000
Employee Benefits	2,785,530	(841,547)		8	120	1,943,983
Debt Service		Sec codes next				
Principal	830,000	-	140	(830,000)		-
Interest	255,475	48,958	2	8 /6 [50	2.1	304,433
Cost of Sales	270,787		(20, 117)	-	-	250,670
Other Postemployment Benefits		633,447		-	-	633,447
Depreciation, Unallocated		±2	520,661			520,661
Total Expenditures	10,675,268	(141,616)	438,647	(830,000)		10,142,299
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	395,950	141,616	(452,508)	830,000	-	915,058
Other Sources and Uses						
Operating Transfers In	15,309	-		-	(15,309)	
Operating Transfers (Out)	(15,309)	-		-	15,309	-
Total Other Sources and Uses						
Special Items						
Other Financing Sources - Proceeds of Refunding Bonds,						
Net of Bond Premium and Issuance Costs	2,264,169	831	171	(2,265,000)	-	
Other Financing Uses - Payment to Bond Escrow Agent	(2,260,937)	90,937		2,170,000	-	94
Total Special Items	3,232	91,768	-	(95,000)		-
Net Change for the Year	\$ 399,182	233,384	(452,508)	735,000	-	915,058

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

NOTE 1 Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Fort Edward Union Free School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

The Fort Edward Union Free School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of nine members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement No. 14, <u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, <u>Component Units</u>. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District and its component unit and other organizational entities determined to be includable in the District's financial reporting entity. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief description of an entity included in the District's reporting entity.

i) Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds can be found on pages 63 through 67 of this financial statement reporting package. The District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student organizations in an agency fund.

NOTE 1 Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

B. Joint Venture

The District is a component district in Washington-Saratoga-Warren-Hamilton-Essex Counties Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs that provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$923,374 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

Participating school districts issue debt on behalf of BOCES. During the year, the District issued no serial bonds on behalf of BOCES. As of year-end, the District had no outstanding BOCES debt.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$453,333.

The District leases classroom space to BOCES via a 10 year lease agreement expiring June 30, 2016. The District's rental income for the year ended June 30, 2015 totaled \$40,536.

Financial statements for the Washington-Saratoga-Warren-Hamilton-Essex Counties BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office at 1153 Burgoyne Avenue, Suite 2, Fort Edward, New York 12828-1134.

C. Basis of Presentation

i) District-wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

NOTE 1 Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

C. Basis of Presentation, Continued

i) District-wide Statements, Continued

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

ii) Fund Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Aid and School Lunch Funds</u> - These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as Federal and State grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes, child nutrition, and other activities whose funds are restricted as to use. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

The District reports the following fiduciary funds:

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

<u>Private purpose trust funds</u>: These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

NOTE 1 Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

C. Basis of Presentation, Continued

ii) Fund Statements, Continued:

Fiduciary Funds, Continued

Agency funds: These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Cash and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

NOTE 1 Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

E. Cash and Investments, Continued

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

Investments are stated at fair value.

F. Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1, and became a lien on August 11, 2014. Taxes were collected during the period September 2, 2014 to November 1, 2014.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the Counties in which the District is located. The Counties pay an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the Counties for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1.

G. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

H. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food, at stated value that approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year-end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the district-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

I. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditure and revenues to provide financing or other services.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

NOTE 1 Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

I. Interfund Transactions, Continued

In the district-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note 8 for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

J. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, other postemployment benefits, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost or estimated historical costs computed by an independent third-party appraisal company (updated appraisal dated April 9, 2014) using computerized reverse-trending techniques applied against the estimate of current replacement cost. Donated assets, if any, are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization <u>Threshold</u>	Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings and improvements	\$ 2,500	Straight line	50 years
Land improvements	\$ 2,500	Straight line	20 years
Vehicles	\$ 2,500	Straight line	8 years
Furniture and equipment	\$ 2,500	Straight line	5-20 years

NOTE 1 Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

L. Vested Employee Benefits

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave and vacation time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, an accrual for that liability is included in the district-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

M. Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides postemployment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits to retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

N. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. Lastly, is the District contributions to the pension systems (TRS and ERS Systems) subsequent to the measurement date.

NOTE 1 Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

N. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Continued

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. First arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported as unavailable revenue-property taxes. The second item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability (ERS System) and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense.

- a) During the year ended June 30, 2015, the District did an advance refunding by issuing new bonds and putting the proceeds in an irrevocable trust to be used to repurchase outstanding bonds. In the district-wide statements the difference between the funds placed in escrow and the carrying amount of the old debt totaling \$90,937 is recorded as a deferred outflow of resources and amortized over the life of the old bonds or new bonds, whichever is shorter. Eighteen months represents the remaining life of the old bonds (call feature to be exercised in 2016). The remaining deferred outflow on the bond refunding at June 30, 2015, was \$40,091. (See Note 7).
- b) <u>Pension Obligations</u> New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement (TRS) (the Systems).

Plan Descriptions and Benefits Provided

Teachers' Retirement System (TRS):

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits, as well as death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. The System is governed by a ten member Board of Trustees. System benefits are established under New York State Law. Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. Additional information regarding the System may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395 or by referring to the NYSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

NOTE 1 Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

N. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Continued

b) Pension Obligations, Continued

Plan Descriptions and Benefits Provided, Continued

Employees' Retirement System (ERS):

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits, as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

Contributions:

The Systems are non-contributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the Employer's contributions based on salaries paid during the System's fiscal year ending March 31. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law.

Contributions for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required, and were as follows:

Year	ERS	TRS
2015	\$ 125,186	640,188
2014	118,582	494,347
2013	109,242	458,475

NOTE 1 Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

N. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Continued

b) Pension Obligations, Continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2015 for ERS and June 30, 2014 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the ERS and TRS Systems in reports provided to the District.

	ERS	TRS
Actuarial valuation date	March 31, 2015	June 30, 2014
Net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (84,475)	\$ 2,885,103
District's portion of the Plan's total		
net pension asset/(liability)	0.0025006%	0.025900%

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the district-wide statements recognized pension expense of \$77,018 for ERS and a pension benefit of \$112,338 for TRS. At June 30, 2015, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
		ERS	TRS	<u>ERS</u>	TRS
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,704	,_	=	42,189
Changes of assumptions		-	//24	2	(-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between		14,672		.	1,937,661
the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		2,269	6,263	-	-
District's accrual for contributions to be paid subsequent to the measurement date		27,377	688,458		-
Total	\$	47,022	694,721		1,979,850

NOTE 1 Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

N. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Continued

b) Pension Obligations, Continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, Continued

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (benefit) as follows:

Year Ended	ERS	TRS
2016	\$ 4,911	(488,593)
2017	4,911	(488,593)
2018	4,911	(488,593)
2019	4,912	(488,593)
2020	-	(4,177)
Thereafter	27	(15,038)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuations were as follows:

	ERS	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2015	June 30, 2014
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2014	June 30, 2013
Interest rate	7.5%	8%
Salary scale	4.9%	4.01% - 10.91%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2005 -	July 1, 2005 -
	March 31, 2010	June 30, 2010
	System's Experience	System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.7%	3.0%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2005 – March 31, 2011 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2014. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on July 1, 2005 – June 30, 2010 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale AA.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

NOTE 1 Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

N. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Continued

b) Pension Obligations, Continued

Actuarial Assumptions, Continued

For ERS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2014 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2005 - March 31, 2010. For TRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2005 – June 30, 2010.

The long-term rate of return on pensions plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

ERS (Measurement Date March 31, 2015)

TRS (Measurement Date June 30, 2014)

Asset Type	Percent	Asset Type	Percent
Domestic Equity	7.30%	Domestic Equity	7.3%
International Equity	8.55%	International Equity	8.5%
Private Equity	11.00%	Real Estate	5.0%
Real Estate	8.25%	Alternative Investments	11.0%
Absolute Return Strategies	6.75%	Domestic Fixed Income Securities	1.5%
Opportunistic Portfolio	8.60%	Global Fixed Income Securities	1.4%
Real Assets	8.65%	Mortgages	3.4%
Bonds and Mortgages	4.00%	Short-term	.8%
Cash	2.25%		
Inflation - Indexed Bonds	4.00%		

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7.5% for ERS and 8.0% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from Plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 1 Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

N. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Continued

b) Pension Obligations, Continued

Actuarial Assumptions, Continued

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability) to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) calculated using the discount rate of 7.5% for ERS and 8% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentagepoint lower (6.5% for ERS and 7.0% for TRS) or 1-percentagepoint higher (8.5% for ERS and 9.0% for TRS) than the current rate:

ERS	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
	(6.5%)	(7.5%)	(8.5%)
Employers' proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (563,063)	\$ (84,475)	\$ 319,572
TRS	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
	(7.0%)	(8.0%)	(9.0%)
Employers' proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ 62,236	\$ 2,885,103	\$ 5,290,579

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(Dollars in Thousands)		
	ERS	TRS	
Valuation date	March 31, 2015	June 30, 2014	<u>Total</u>
Employers' total pension asset/(liability)	\$ (4,115)	(25,127)	(29,242)
Plan net position	4,031	28,012	_32,043
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$ <u>(84</u>)	2,885	2,801
Ratio of plan net position to the Employer total pension asset/(liability)	s' 97.9%	111.48%	109.58%

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

NOTE 1 Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

N. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Continued

b) Pension Obligations, Continued

Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2015 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2015 through June 30, 2015 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2015 amounted to \$27,377.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2015 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2015 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2015 amounted to \$710,907.

Restatement of Net Position

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – Amendment to GASB Statement No. 27. The implementation of Statement No. 68 resulted in the reporting of an asset, deferred outflows of resources, liability and deferred inflows of resources related to the District's participation in the New York State Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems. The District's beginning of year net position has been restated as follows:

Net position beginning of year, as previously stated Prior period adjustment (see Note 11)	\$ 3,816,786 2,300
GASB Statement No. 68 implementation:	
Beginning System Asset – Teachers' Retirement System	177,479
Beginning System Liability – Employees' Retirement System	(112,997)
Beginning deferred outflow of resources for accrued contributions	
paid subsequent to the measurement date:	
Teachers' Retirement System	626,341
Employees' Retirement System	30,151
Net position beginning of year, as restated	\$ 5 <u>4,540,060</u>

NOTE 1 Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

O. Unearned Revenue

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

P. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes.

Q. Short-term Debt

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes (RAN) and Tax Anticipation Notes (TAN), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RAN's and TAN's represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any fiscal year for expenditures for which there is an insufficient or no provision made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of the second fiscal year succeeding the year in which the note was issued.

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BAN's issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

The District may issue deficiency notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of that same year's annual budget in any fund or funds arising from revenues being less than the amount estimated in the budget for that fiscal year. The deficiency notes may mature no later than the close of the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which they were issued. However, they may mature no later than the close of the second fiscal year after the fiscal year in which they were issued, if the notes were authorized and issued after the adoption of the budget for the fiscal year following the year in which they were issued.

R. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable, and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

NOTE 1 Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

R. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations, Continued

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

S. Equity Classifications

District-wide Statements:

In the district-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net investment in capital assets-consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets.

Restricted net position-reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position-reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications and is deemed to be available for general use by the District.

Fund Statements:

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

<u>Non-spendable</u> - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Non-spendable fund balance includes the inventory recorded in the School Lunch Fund of \$2,633.

<u>Restricted</u> - includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance. Restricted Fund balances available for use by the District include the following:

Capital - According to Education Law §3651, must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve, the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditure may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under Restricted Fund Balance.

NOTE 1 Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

S. Equity Classifications, Continued

Fund Statements, Continued:

Restricted, Continued:

Repairs - According to General Municipal Law §6-d, must be used to pay the cost of repairs to capital improvements or equipment, which repairs are of a type not recurring annually. The Board of Education without voter approval may establish a repair reserve fund by a majority vote of its members. Voter approval is required to fund this reserve (Opinion of the New York State Comptroller 81-401). Expenditures from this reserve may be made only after a public hearing has been held, except in emergency situations. If no hearing is held, the amount expended must be repaid to the reserve fund over the next two subsequent fiscal years.

Workers' Compensation - According to General Municipal Law §6-j, must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget.

Unemployment Insurance - According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund.

Debt - According to General Municipal Law §6-l, the mandatory reserve for debt must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of sale. The funding of the reserve is from the proceeds of the sale of District property or capital improvement, interest and earnings on outstanding obligations, and remaining bond proceeds not to be utilized for the intended purpose.

NOTE 1 Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

S. Equity Classifications, Continued

Fund Statements, Continued:

Restricted, Continued:

Insurance - According to General Municipal Law §6-n, must be used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action, and funded by budgetary appropriations, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the Insurance Reserve; however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval.

Liability Claims and Property Loss - According to Education Law §1709(8)(c), must be used to pay for liability claims and property loss incurred. Separate funds for liability claims and property loss are required, and these reserves may not in total exceed 3% of the annual budget or \$15,000, whichever is greater. This type of reserve fund may be utilized only by school districts with a population under 125,000.

Tax Certiorari - According to Education Law §3651.1-a, must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount that might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Although Education Law Section 3651 generally requires that funds placed in a tax certiorari reserve fund be returned to the general fund by July 1 of the fourth fiscal year after their deposit if not otherwise used, an exception allows tax certiorari reserve fund monies to be retained in the reserve beyond the four year period if still "deemed reasonably required to pay any such judgment or claim if the proceeding or claim has not been finally determined or otherwise terminated." As such, the District may permissibly maintain the monies previously placed in the tax certiorari reserve fund despite expiration of the four year period.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability - According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefit due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

Retirement Contributions - According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used for financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds, and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

NOTE 1 Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

S. Equity Classifications, Continued

Fund Statements, Continued:

Restricted, Continued:

Encumbrances - Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

<u>Committed</u> - Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the School District's highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The School District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2015.

Assigned - Includes amounts that are constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General Fund are classified as Assigned Fund Balance in the General Fund. Encumbrances reported in the General Fund amounted to \$24,060.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Includes all other General Fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the School District.

Below is a summary of the fund balance classifications at June 30, 2015:

		School	
	General	Lunch	Total
Nonspendable			
Inventory	\$	2,633	2,633
Restricted			
Capital	302	-	302
Insurance	29,000	8 = 3	29,000
Workers' Compensation	30,000	-	30,000
Unemployment Insurance	54,921	100	54,921
Debt	252,974	8. 1	252,974
Tax Certiorari	1,744,121	-	1,744,121
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	300,000	-	300,000
Retirement Contributions	160,000		160,000
	2,571,318		2,571,318
Assigned			
Central Services	9,255	· ·	9,255
Special Items	14,805	2	14,805
Appropriated Fund Balance	381,000		381,000
35.50	405,060	-	405,060
Unassigned			
Unassigned Fund Balance	680,664	128	680,792
Total Fund Balances	\$ 3,657,042	2,761	3,659,803

NOTE 1 Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

S. Equity Classifications, Continued

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the School District's budget for the General Fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

Order of Use of Fund Balance:

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, committed fund balance is determined next and then assigned. The remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

T. New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2015, the District implemented the following new standard issued by GASB:

- GASB has issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, effective for the year ending June 30, 2015.
- GASB has issued Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations, effective for the year ending June 30, 2015.
- GASB has issued Statement No. 70, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees, effective for the year ending June 30, 2015.
- GASB has issued Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, effective for the year ending June 30, 2015.

U. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

- GASB has issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, effective for the year ending June 30, 2016.
- GASB has issued Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets that are not within the scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and amendments to certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 67 and 68, effective for the year ending June 30, 2016.

NOTE 1 Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

U. Future Changes in Accounting Standards, Continued

- GASB has issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, effective for the year ending June 30, 2018. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB Plans.
- GASB has issued Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments, effective for the year ending June 30, 2016.

The School District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

NOTE 2 Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and Districtwide Statements

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the funds statements and the District-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the District-wide statements, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

A) Total fund balances of governmental funds versus net position of governmental activities:

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differs from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheets.

B) Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance versus Statement of Activities:

Differences between the funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of three broad categories. The amounts shown below represent:

- i) <u>Long-term Revenue Differences</u> Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.
- ii) <u>Capital Related Differences</u> Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

NOTE 2 Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and Districtwide Statements, Continued

- iii) <u>Long-term Debt Transaction Differences</u> Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.
- iv) <u>Pension Differences</u> Pension differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liability and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

The costs of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings and equipment) financed from governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole, and their original costs are expensed annually over their useful lives.

Original cost of capital assets	\$ 19,546,760
Accumulated depreciation	_7,847,352
Capital assets, net	\$ 11,699,408

Long-term liabilities are reported in the Statement of Net Position, but not in the governmental funds, because they are not due and payable in the current period. Balances at year-end were:

Bonds payable	\$ 7,075,000
Compensated absences payable	823,619
Other postemployment benefits payable	3,599,250
Net pension liability - proportionate share	84,475

In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses (compensated absences) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used. The net change in compensated absences earned during the year ended June 30, 2015 totaled \$17,526.

When the purchase or construction of capital assets is financed through governmental funds, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in the years they are incurred. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Depreciation (\$520,661) exceeded capital expenditures (\$82,014) in the current year. In addition, the District sold assets during the year that had a remaining cost basis of \$13,861.

Repayment of principal for bonds payable (\$830,000) is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position, and does not affect the Statement of Activities.

GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, establishes standards for the accrual measurement and recognition of other postemployment benefits (OPEB) costs over a period that relates to when the service is provided to the employer, rather than recognizing those costs on a pay-as-you-go basis. The amount recorded in the Statement of Net Position (\$3,599,250) represents the actuarial accrued OPEB liability. The net change in other postemployment benefits shown in the Statement of Activities totaled \$633,447.

NOTE 2 Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and Districtwide Statements, Continued

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – Amendment to GASB Statement No. 27, requires the District to report as an asset and/or liability its portion of the collective net pensions asset or liability in the New York State Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems. The District reported a net pension asset in the Statement of Net Position of \$2,885,103, which represents its proportionate share of the collective net pension of the New York State Teachers' Retirement System and a net pension liability of \$84,475, which represents its proportionate share of the collective net pension of the New York State Employees' Retirement System. In addition to the reported net pension liability, the District reported changes to deferred outflows and inflows of resources (see Note 1N). The net change in the net pension liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources shown in the Statement of Activities totaled \$841,547.

The Statement of Activities reflects the current year amortization (\$50,846) from the refunding of serial bonds (see Note 1N), as well as deferred bond issuance costs, net of premiums (\$831) increasing interest expense in the Statement of Activities by \$51,677.

Interest on short-term and long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. Accrued interest reported in the Statement of Activities decreased by \$2,719.

NOTE 3 Change in Accounting Principle

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – Amendment to GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. The implementation of the Statements requires the District to report as a asset and/or liability its portion of the collective net pensions asset and liability in the New York State Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems. The implementation of the Statements also requires the District to report a deferred outflow and/or inflow for the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset and/or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. Also, included as a deferred outflow is the District contributions to the pension systems subsequent to the measurement date. See Note 2 for the financial statement impact of implementation of the GASB Statements.

NOTE 4 Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

<u>Budgets</u> - The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the following governmental funds for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted:

- -The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund.
- -Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level.

NOTE 4 Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability, Continued

-Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) that may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. During the year, the District had supplemental appropriations of \$10,072 for the replacement of a canopy and backstop damaged during a storm.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

<u>Encumbrances</u> - Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as assigned fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

The District's unassigned Fund Balance was in excess of the New York State Real Property Tax Law §1318 limit, which restricts it to an amount not greater than 4% of the District's budget for the upcoming school year (see Note 1 S). The District was at 6.2% as of June 30, 2015.

NOTE 5 Cash - Custodial Credit, Concentration of Credit, Interest Rate and Foreign Currency Risks

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. While the District does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the District's investment policies, as discussed previously in these Notes.

The District's aggregate bank balances disclosed in the financial statements, included balances not covered by depository insurance at year-end of (A) -___, (B) 3.533.587 (C) -__.

- A) Uncollateralized.
- B) Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in the District's name, or
- C) Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name.

NOTE 5 <u>Cash - Custodial Credit, Concentration of Credit, Interest Rate and Foreign Currency Risks, Continued</u>

Restricted cash represents cash where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$2,571,318 in the governmental funds and \$49,364 in the fiduciary funds.

NOTE 6 Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements/ Reclassifications	Ending Balance
Governmental activities: Capital assets that are not depreciated: Land	\$8,731			8,731
Capital assets that are depreciated: Buildings and improvements Furniture, equipment and vehicles Total depreciable historical cost	17,869,839 1,724,778 19,594,617	82,014 82,014	(<u>138,602</u>) (<u>138,602</u>)	17,869,839 1,668,190 19,538,029
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Furniture, equipment and vehicles Total accumulated depreciation	(6,219,534) (1,231,898) (7,451,432)	(393,524) (127,137) (520,661)	124,741 124,741	(6,613,058) (1,234,294) (7,847,352)
Total depreciable historical cost, net	12,143,185	(438,647)	(13,861)	11,690,677
Total historical cost, net	\$ <u>12,151,916</u>	(438,647)	(13,861)	11,699,408

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Support	\$	6,697
Instruction	4	196,899
Pupil Transportation		11,981
School Lunch		5,084
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 5	520,661

NOTE 7 Long-term Debt

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below. The beginning balance has been restated to reflect the implementation of GASB 68 which established the net pension liability-proportionate share.

	Beginning Balance (Restated)	Additions	Reductions	Net	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Government activities:						
Bonds and notes payable:						2 727243
Serial Bonds	\$ 7,810,000	2,265,000	(3,000,000)	(<u>735,000</u>)	7,075,000	845,000
Other liabilities:						
Due to Teachers' Retirement System	644,830			66,077	710,907	710,907
Due to Employees' Retirement System	30,151			(2,774)	27,377	27,377
Compensated Absences	806,093			17,526	823,619	_
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	2,965,803			633,447	3,599,250	-
Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share	112,997			(28,522)	84,475	
Total other liabilities	4,559,874			685,754	5,245,628	738,284
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 12,369,874			49,246	12,320,628	1,583,284

Transactions affecting other liabilities are shown net since it is impractical to separately determine these amounts.

The following is a summary of the maturity of long-term indebtedness:

Description of Issue:

Serial Bonds Capital Projects Serial Bonds Capital Projects Serial Bonds Capital Projects Serial Bonds Capital Projects Serial Bonds School District Refunding Bonds	Issue <u>Date</u> 04/10/03 03/15/06 03/24/10 12/30/14	Final <u>Maturity</u> 06/15/16 06/15/16 06/15/25 06/15/21	2.0 - 4.0% 3.875% 1.75 - 3.75%	Outstanding at June 30, 2015 \$ 35,000 255,000 4,535,000 2,250.00 \$ 7,075,000
Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2025 Totals		\$\frac{\text{Principal}}{845,000} \\ 830,000 \\ 845,000 \\ 875,000 \\ 900,000 \\ \(\frac{2,780,000}{7,075,000} \)	Interest 212,000 185,719 165,119 143,094 119,219 281,399 1,106,550	Total 1,057,000 1,015,719 1,010,119 1,018,094 1,019,219 3,061,399 8,181,550

NOTE 7 Long-term Debt, Continued

On December 30, 2014, the District issued \$2,265,000 in general obligation bonds with an interest rate of 2.0% to advance refund \$2,170,000 (balance remaining on the outstanding obligations after District principal payment (\$255,000) on June 15, 2016) of outstanding general obligation bonds with an average interest rate of 3.875%. The net proceeds of \$2,264,169 (bonds issued \$2,265,000 plus bond premium of \$59,529, less expenses of \$60,360 in underwriting fees, insurance and other insurance costs) were used to purchase United States government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the bonds. As a result, the bonds are considered to be defeased, and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the District's financial statements. The District advance refunded the bonds to achieve debt service savings by selling new bonds at lower interest rates. The economic gain on the transaction (the difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) is approximately \$80,327.

The outstanding balance on the defeased bonds at June 30, 2015 was \$1,435,000. It is anticipated that this remaining balance will be satisfied in full on June 15, 2016 (call date).

Interest on long-term debt for the year was composed of:

Interest paid	\$ 255,475
Less: interest accrued in the prior year	(11,555)
Plus: interest accrued in the current year	8,836
Plus: net change in deferred amount on refunding	51,677
Total expense	\$ 304,433

The District has commitments to lease school buses under operating leases with terms expiring in June, 2017 and June, 2019. The minimum annual future non-cancelable operating lease payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	
June 30,	<u>Total</u>
2016	\$ 36,750
2017	36,750
2018	18,350
2019	18,350

NOTE 8 Interfund Balances and Activity

	Interfund		Interfund	
	Receivable	Payable	Revenues	Expenditures
General Fund	\$ 898,187			15,309
Special Aid Funds	=	464,642	15,309	-
School Lunch Fund		80,008		-
Total Government Activities	898,187	544,650	15,309	15,309
Fiduciary Agency Fund		353,537		
Totals	\$ 898,187	898,187	15,309	<u>15,309</u>

NOTE 8 Interfund Balances and Activity, Continued

Interfund receivables and payables, other than between governmental activities and fiduciary funds, are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position.

The District typically transfers from the General Fund to the Special Aid Fund, to assist in funding the Summer School Handicapped Program, as well as to satisfy the matching criteria of specific grants, if any.

The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues.

All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

NOTE 9 Postemployment (Health Insurance) Benefits

The District provides postemployment (health insurance) coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts. The benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the District's contractual agreements.

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, in the school year ended June 30, 2010. This required the District to calculate and record a net other postemployment benefit obligation at year-end. The net other postemployment benefit obligation is basically the cumulative difference between the actuarially required contribution and the actual contributions made.

The District has obtained an interim actuarial valuation report as of July 1, 2014 which indicates that the total liability for other postemployment benefits is \$3,599,250, which is reflected in the Statement of Net Position.

Plan Description: The District administers a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The plan provides health insurance for eligible retirees and their spouses through the District's group health insurance plan (see Note 10), which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the District and unions representing District employees. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Funding Policy: The contribution requirements of the plan are negotiated between the District and union representatives. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For retirees, the District contributes between 50% - 100% of the premium cost. For the year ended June 30, 2015 the District's share of retiree (including spouses/dependents) health insurance was \$283,394 (approximately 62% of total premiums), while plan participants receiving benefits contributed \$176,169 (approximately 38% of total premiums) toward their health coverage.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

NOTE 9 Postemployment (Health Insurance) Benefits, Continued

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: The District's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$ 985,725
Interest on net OPEB obligation	127,860
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(196,744)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	916,841
Contributions made	(283,394)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	633,447
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	2,965,803
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 3,599,250

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2015 and the two preceding years were as follows:

		Percentage of	
		Annual OPEB Cost	Net OPEB
Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Contributed	Obligation
6/30/13	\$ 875,226	25%	2,305,016
6/30/14	896,332	26%	2,965,803
6/30/15	916,841	31%	3,599,250

Funded Status and Funding Progress: As of July 1, 2014, the most recent interim actuarial valuation date, the plan was -0-% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$9,088,492, and the actuarial value of assets was \$-0-, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$9,088,492. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$4,455,674, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 204%. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

NOTE 9 Postemployment (Health Insurance) Benefits, Continued

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2014 interim actuarial valuation the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 7.5% initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5% after 5 years. The UAAL is being amortized using a level 30 year period and a "closed-basis"-so the amortization period is a specific number of years that is counted from one date, declining to zero with the passage of time. Thirty years is the maximum amortization period allowed under GASB 45. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2015, was 24 years.

NOTE 10 Risk Management

1. General

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors and omissions, natural disasters, and other risks. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

2. Workers' Compensation Pool

The District participates in the Southern Adirondack Public Schools Workers' Compensation plan administered by the Board of Directors which is composed of the chief executive officer or other designated officers of the districts participating in Washington-Saratoga-Warren-Hamilton-Essex BOCES. Participants of the plan are required to make their current year contributions on July 15 and October 15 of each plan year. The plan year is July 1 through June 30. The Board may retain surplus to establish and maintain a claim contingency fund. If sufficient funds are not available the Board will determine the amount to be assessed to the participants. For the year ended June 30, 2015, \$30,550 was paid to the plan for workers' compensation premiums.

3. Health Insurance Consortium

The District participates in the Washington-Saratoga-Warren-Hamilton-Essex Counties Health Insurance Consortium Trust, a non-risk-retained public entity risk pool for its employee health insurance coverage. The Health Insurance Consortium Trust is operated for the benefit of thirty School District/BOCES Member located in the counties of Washington, Saratoga, Warren, Hamilton and Essex, New York. The purpose of the Health Insurance Consortium Trust is to enable the member School/BOCES Districts to purchase group health insurance pursuant to New York State Insurance Law Section 4235.

NOTE 11 Fund Balance/Net Position

Prior period adjustments:

Adjustment in Fund Balance/Net Position for the following:

Fund Balance prior period adjustment: Understatement of prior years' anticipated New York State summer school handicapped aid
 Implementation of GASB 68 (See Note 1N(b))
 Total Net Position prior period adjustment

\$ 2,300
720,974
\$ 723,274

NOTE 12 Contingencies

- A) The School District is subject to a number of lawsuits and claims arising out of the conduct of its business including those relating to personal injury, personnel practices and tax certiorari proceedings. While the ultimate results of these lawsuits and claims cannot be presently determined, management does not expect that these matters will have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the School District.
- B) The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

NOTE 13 Subsequent Events

- A) Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 13, 2015 the date the financial statements were available to be issued.
- B) During July 2015, the District transferred \$200,000 from its unassigned fund balance to the tax certiorari reserve.
- C) During July 2015, the District entered into five year lease agreements for two school buses, at a cost of \$17,185 per year (per voter approval).

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE DISTRICT'S POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN

-	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a / b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b -a)/c)
	07/01/09	-	\$ 7,813,290	7,813,290	0.0%	\$ 4,537,593	172.2%
	07/01/10	-	7,963,773	7,963,773	0.0%	4,533,105	175.7%
	07/01/11	-	8,120,276	8,120,276	0.0%	4,502,421	180.4%
	07/01/12		8,742,200	8,742,200	0.0%	4,534,692	192.8%
	07/01/13	-	8,918,332	8,918,332	0.0%	4,434,498	201.1%
	07/01/14	2	9,088,492	9,088,492	0.0%	4,455,674	204.0%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

Revenues Local Sources \$ 3,065,991 3,080,341 Real Property Taxes \$ 3,065,991 3,080,341 Real Property Tax Items 603,730 603,730 589,378 Charges for Services 116,700 116,700 68,527 Use of Money and Property 47,077 57,149 59,876 Miscellaneous 122,500 122,500 143,708 Total Local Sources 3,955,998 3,966,070 3,941,830 State Sources 6,190,649 6,190,649 6,264,680 Medicaid Reimbursement 40,000 40,000 31,911 Medicare Reimbursement 10,000 10,000 8,570 Total Revenues 10,196,647 10,206,719 10,246,991	14,350 (14,352) (48,173) 2,727 21,208 (24,240) 74,031 (8,089) (1,430) 40,272
Local Sources \$ 3,065,991 3,080,341 Real Property Taxe Items 603,730 603,730 589,378 Charges for Services 116,700 116,700 68,527 Use of Money and Property 47,077 57,149 59,876 Miscellaneous 122,500 122,500 143,708 Total Local Sources 3,955,998 3,966,070 3,941,830 State Sources 6,190,649 6,190,649 6,264,680 Medicaid Reimbursement 40,000 40,000 31,911 Medicare Reimbursement 10,000 10,000 8,570 Total Revenues 10,196,647 10,206,719 10,246,991	(14,352) (48,173) 2,727 21,208 (24,240) 74,031 (8,089) (1,430)
Real Property Tax Items 603,730 589,378 Charges for Services 116,700 116,700 68,527 Use of Money and Property 47,077 57,149 59,876 Miscellaneous 122,500 122,500 143,708 Total Local Sources 3,955,998 3,966,070 3,941,830 State Sources 6,190,649 6,190,649 6,264,680 Medicaid Reimbursement 40,000 40,000 31,911 Medicare Reimbursement 10,000 10,000 8,570 Total Revenues 10,196,647 10,206,719 10,246,991 Other Financing Sources	(14,352) (48,173) 2,727 21,208 (24,240) 74,031 (8,089) (1,430)
Charges for Services 116,700 16,700 68,527 Use of Money and Property 47,077 57,149 59,876 Miscellaneous 122,500 122,500 143,708 Total Local Sources 3,955,998 3,966,670 3,941,830 State Sources 6,190,649 6,190,649 6,264,680 Medicaid Reimbursement 40,000 40,000 31,911 Medicare Reimbursement 10,000 10,000 8,570 Total Revenues 10,196,647 10,206,719 10,246,991	(48,173) 2,727 21,208 (24,240) 74,031 (8,089) (1,430)
Charges for Services 116,700 116,700 68,527 Use of Money and Property 47,077 57,149 59,876 Miscellaneous 122,500 122,500 143,708 Total Local Sources 3,955,998 3,966,070 3,941,830 State Sources 6,190,649 6,190,649 6,264,680 Medicaid Reimbursement 40,000 40,000 31,911 Medicare Reimbursement 10,000 10,000 8,570 Total Revenues 10,196,647 10,206,719 10,246,991	2,727 21,208 (24,240) 74,031 (8,089) (1,430)
Miscellaneous 122,500 122,500 143,708 Total Local Sources 3,955,998 3,966,070 3,941,830 State Sources 6,190,649 6,190,649 6,264,680 Medicaid Reimbursement 40,000 40,000 31,911 Medicare Reimbursement 10,000 10,000 8,570 Total Revenues 10,196,647 10,206,719 10,246,991	21,208 (24,240) 74,031 (8,089) (1,430)
Total Local Sources 3,955,998 3,966,070 3,941,830 State Sources 6,190,649 6,190,649 6,264,680 Medicaid Reimbursement 40,000 40,000 31,911 Medicare Reimbursement 10,000 10,000 8,570 Total Revenues 10,196,647 10,206,719 10,246,991 Other Financing Sources	(24,240) 74,031 (8,089) (1,430)
State Sources 6,190,649 6,190,649 6,264,680 Medicaid Reimbursement 40,000 40,000 31,911 Medicare Reimbursement 10,000 10,000 8,570 Total Revenues 10,196,647 10,206,719 10,246,991 Other Financing Sources	74,031 (8,089) (1,430)
Medicaid Reimbursement 40,000 40,000 31,911 Medicare Reimbursement 10,000 10,000 8,570 Total Revenues 10,196,647 10,206,719 10,246,991 Other Financing Sources	(8,089) (1,430)
Medicaid Reimbursement 40,000 40,000 31,911 Medicare Reimbursement 10,000 10,000 8,570 Total Revenues 10,196,647 10,206,719 10,246,991 Other Financing Sources	(1,430)
Medicare Reimbursement 10,000 10,000 8,570 Total Revenues 10,196,647 10,206,719 10,246,991 Other Financing Sources	(1,430)
Total Revenues 10,196,647 10,206,719 10,246,991 Other Financing Sources	
Other Financing Sources	
	(540)
	(560,000)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources \$10,757,187 10,767,259 10,246,991	(520,268)
	nal Budget
	riance With getary Actual
	incumbrances
Expenditures	
General Support.	4.0
Board of Education \$ 5,020 6,823 6,782 -	2.270
Central Administration 167,087 169,087 166,708 -	2,379
Finance 159,641 166,553 165,346 -	1,207
Staff 25,525 35,525 28,032 -	7,493
Central Services 601,461 643,698 578,555 9,255	55,888
Special Items 128,770 166,230 144,275 14,805 Total General Support 1,087,504 1,187,916 1,089,698 24,060	7,150
Total General Support 1,087,504 1,187,916 1,089,698 24,060	74,136
Instruction	12.224
Instruction, Administration & Improvement 178,036 175,976 103,740	12,236 166,930
Teaching - Regular School 2,692,600 2,712,250 2,545,320 -	404,108
Programs for Children with Handicapping Conditions 1,719,859 1,664,859 1,260,751 -	821
Occupational Education 133,653 135,653 134,832 -	2,322
Teaching - Special School 18,050 22,135 19,813 -	1,724
Instructional Media 191,630 203,495 201,771 -	51,876
Pupil Services 400,207 400,207 348,331 -	640,017
Total Instruction 5,334,035 5,314,575 4,674,558 -	
Pupil Transportation 286,808 307,628 286,146 -	21,482
Community Services 5,000 5,000 -	
Employee Benefits 2,931,515 2,839,815 2,697,616 -	142,199
Debt Service	
Principal 815,000 830,137 830,000 -	137
Interest 277,325 262,188 255,475 -	6,713
1,092,325 1,092,325 1,085,475 -	6,850
Total Expenditures 10,737,187 10,747,259 9,838,493 24,060	884,706
Other Financing Uses	4.601
Transfers to Other Funds 20,000 20,000 15,309 - Total Expenditures & Other Uses \$10,757,187 10,767,259 9,853,802 24,060	4,691 889,397
Total Expenditures & Other Uses \$10,757,187 10,767,259 9,853,802 24,060	387,377
Special Items	
Other Financing Sources - Proceeds of Refunding Bonds,	
Net of Bond Premium and Issuance Costs 2,264,169	
Other Financing Uses - Payment to Bond Escrow Agent (2,260,937) Total Special Items 3,232	
Net Change in Fund Balance 396,421	
Fund Balance - Beginning 3,258,321	
Prior period adjustment 2,300	
Fund Balance - Beginning, Restated 3,260,621	
Fund Balance - Ending \$ 3,657,042	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION ASSET (LIABILITY)

<u>Teache</u>	6/30/2014
District's proportion of the net pension asset (liability)	0.025900%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	2,885,103
District's covered-employee payroll	3,897,418
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	74.03%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset	111.48%

Emp	loyees' Retirement System
	3/31/2015
District's proportion of the net pension asset (liability)	0.0025006%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability	(84,475)
District's covered-employee payroll	617,846
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	13.67%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	97.90%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

					Teachers' Retirement System	rement System				
	6/30/2014	6/30/2013	6/30/2012	6/30/2011	6/30/2010	6/30/2009	6/30/2008	6/30/2007	6/30/2006	6/30/2005
Contractually required contribution	\$ 621,699	467,606	432,111	337,649	246,440	303,305	340,980	347,532	319,199	225,875
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution *	621,699	467,606	432,111	337,649	246,440	303,305	340,980	347,532	319,199	225,875
Contribution deficiency (excess)	S		,			1				
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,897,418	4,016,123	3,945,566	3,971,617	4,031,485	3,974,973	3,905,836	4,041,022	4,005,099	3,976,862
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	15.95%	11.64%	10.95%	8.50%	6.11%	7.63%	8.73%	8.60%	7.97%	5.68%

					Employees' Retirement System	rement System	200			
	3/31/2015	3/31/2014	3/31/2013	3/31/2012	3/31/2011	3/31/2010	3/31/2009	3/31/2008	3/31/2007	3/31/2006
Contractually required contribution	\$ 125,186	118,582	109,242	96,912	78,361	41,513	44,876	50,173	56,822	64,346
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	125,186	118,582	109,242	96,912	78,361	41,513	44,876	50,173	56,822	64,346
Contribution deficiency (excess)	S		-	a						
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 617,846	623,290	616,413	666.710	651,403	659,055	671,738	576,504	598,787	587,129
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	20.26%	19.03%	17.72%	14.54%	12.03%	6.30%	9.89.9	8.70%	9.49%	10.96%

^{*} Contributions are paid in the following year.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET

Adopted Budget	\$ 10,756,647
Add: Prior Year's Encumbrances	540
Original Budget	10,757,187
Budget Revision	10,072
Final Budget	\$ 10,767,259

SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION

2015-16 Voter-approved expenditure budget	
Maximum allowed (4% of 2015-16 budget)	

\$ 10,903,599

General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Poperty Tax Law:

Unrestricted fund balance:

Assigned fund balance	\$ 405,060
Unassigned fund balance	680,664
Total unrestricted fund balance	1,085,724

Less:

Appropriated fund balance	381,000
Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance	24,060
Total adjustments	405,060

General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law \$ 680,664

Actual percentage 6.2%

FORT EDWARD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

JUN	E	30.	20	15
		7	_	

Capital Assets, net	\$ 11,699,408
Deduct:	
Short-term Portion of Bonds Payable	845,000
Long-term Portion of Bonds Payable	6,230,000
,	7,075,000
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 4,624,408

FLYNN, WALKER, DIGGIN C.P.A., P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education of the Fort Edward Union Free School District Fort Edward, New York:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Fort Edward Union Free School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Fort Edward Union Free School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 13, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Fort Edward Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fort Edward Union Free School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fort Edward Union Free School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses, or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Fort Edward Union Free School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

FLYNN, WALKER, DIGGIN C.P.A., P.C.

Flyn, will, And COR, R.C.

October 14, 2015

FLYNN, WALKER, DIGGIN C.P.A., P.C.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Fort Edward Union Free School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Fort Edward Union Free School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. Fort Edward Union Free School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Fort Edward Union Free School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Fort Edward Union Free School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Fort Edward Union Free School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Fort Edward Union Free School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Fort Edward Union Free School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Fort Edward Union Free School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Fort Edward Union Free School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

FLYNN, WALKER, DIGGIN C.P.A., P.C.

Flyn, will, And COR, R.C.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS THROUGH GRANTOR PROGRAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	AGENCY OR PASS-THROUGH <u>NUMBER</u>	EXPENDITURES
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through NYS Education Department:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Non-Cash Assistance (food distribution) National School Lunch Program	10.555		\$ 14,718
Cash Assistance			
School Breakfast Program	10.553		42,912
National School Lunch Program	10.555		136,137
Cash assistance subtotal			179,049
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			193,767
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availability	10.579		20,000
Total Passed-through NYS Education Department			213,767
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			213,767
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed Through NYS Education Department:			
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education Grants - Grants to States	84.027	0032-15-1019	156,874
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	0033-15-1019	9,622
Total Special Education Cluster			166,496
Title 1 Grants to LEAs	84.010	0021-15-3500	173,918
ARRA-Race To The Top	84.395	5500-15-3500	5,664
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	0147-15-3500	23,276
Total Passed-through NYS Education Department			369,354
Total U.S. Department of Education			369,354
Total Federal Awards Expended			\$583,121

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of Federal awards presents the activity of Federal award programs administered by the District, which is described in Note 1 to the District's accompanying financial statements, using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Federal awards that are included in the schedule may be received directly from federal agencies, as well as Federal awards that are passed through from other government agencies. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

Indirect costs may be included in the reported expenditures, to the extent that they are included in the Federal financial reports used as the source for the data presented. The District's policy is not to charge Federal award programs with indirect costs.

NOTE 2 Subrecipients

No amounts were provided to subrecipients.

NOTE 3 Other Disclosures

No insurance is carried specifically to cover equipment purchased with Federal funds. Any equipment purchased with federal funds has only a nominal value, and is covered by the District's casualty insurance policies.

There were no loans or loan guarantees outstanding at year-end.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Section I - Summary of Audit Results

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of Fort Edward Union Free School District.
- No significant deficiencies were disclosed during the audit of the financial statements.
- No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Fort Edward Union Free School District, which would be required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies in internal control were disclosed during the audit of the major federal award programs.
- The auditor's report on compliance for the major Federal award programs for Fort Edward Union Free School District expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6. There are no audit findings relative to the major Federal award programs for Fort Edward Union Free School District that are required to be reported under Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133, are reported in Section III of this schedule.
- 7. The program tested as a major program was:

Title I Grants to LEAs

84.010

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. Fort Edward Union Free School District was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None reported.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

2014-001 Child Nutrition Cluster (CFDA#10.553; 10.555):

Condition: The District failed to properly classify the eligibility status of some of its' students as either free, reduced or full pay based on annual applications.

Recommendation: The auditor recommended that procedures be established to ensure applications are reviewed properly prior to determining the eligibility of students.

Current Status: The District changed its procedures for processing applications. No similar findings were noted during the 2015 audit.

FLYNN, WALKER, DIGGIN C.P.A., P.C.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS

To the Board of Education
Fort Edward Union Free School District
Fort Edward, New York:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the Fort Edward Union Free School District, which comprise the statement of assets, liabilities and fund balances-cash basis as of June 30, 2015, and the related statement of cash receipts and disbursements-cash basis for the year then ended, and the related note to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1; this includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund balances of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the Fort Edward Union Free School District as of June 30, 2015 and its cash receipts and disbursements for the year then ended in accordance with the cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of these financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Flyn, well, And COR, P.C.

FLYNN, WALKER, DIGGIN C.P.A., P.C.

October 14, 2015

EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS)

JUNE 30, 2015

Assets

Cash

\$ 11,072

Liabilities and Fund Balances

Fund Balances

\$ 11,072

EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Activity	Balance July 1, 2014	Receipts/ Transfers	Disbursements/ <u>Transfers</u>	Balance June 30, 2015
Class of 2013	\$ 11.73	1.80	13.53	
Class of 2014	898.53	17.25	915.78	*
Class of 2015	3,515.82	1,769.46	5,285.28	** _
Class of 2016	3,280.74	6,915.92	5,929.90	4,266.76
Class of 2017	533.96	50.86	156.52	428.30
Class of 2018	-	1,170.83	151.26	1,019.57
Band	5,983.59	13,913.58	18,357.35	1,539.82
Basketball/Baseball	0.46		0.46	S=0
Cheerleaders	440.66	441.42	402.60	479.48
Choir	11.43	184.58	184.56	11.45
Football Club	133.82	1,279.74	1,234.00	179.56
Girls Basketball	6.96	1,164.02	1,157.40	13.58
Honor Society	637.21	428.73	49.08	1,016.86
Key Club	-	69.09	= 2	69.09
Softball Club	497.85	0.89	57 /1	498.74
Student Council	295.76	100.93	300.00	96.69
Volleyball Club	515.01	1,407.12	1,406.20	515.93
Yearbook	2,322.52	9,288.44	10,675.23	935.73
Total	\$ 19,086.05	38,204.66	46,219.15	11,071.56

^{*} This includes transfers of \$500.00 to Yearbook and \$287.75 to Class of 2018

^{**} This includes a transfer of \$500.00 to Yearbook

EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS

NOTE TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The transactions of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds are not considered part of the reporting entity of the Fort Edward Union Free School District. Consequently, such transactions are not included in the financial statements of the School District other than the recording of an asset and liability in the Fiduciary (Agency) Fund (see Statement E).

The accounts of the Extraclassroom Activity Fund of the Fort Edward Union Free School District are maintained on a cash basis, and the statements of assets, liabilities and fund balances (cash basis) and of cash receipts and disbursements reflects only cash received and disbursed. Therefore, receivables and payables, inventories, long-lived assets, and accrued income and expenses, which would be recognized under generally accepted accounting principles, and which may be material in amount, are not recognized in the accompanying financial statements.

FLYNN, WALKER, DIGGIN C.P.A., P.C.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S LETTER TO MANAGEMENT

October 13, 2015

CONFIDENTIAL

Board of Education Fort Edward Union Free School District 220 Broadway Fort Edward, New York 12828

Dear Board Members:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Fort Edward Union Free School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered Fort Edward Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Fort Edward Union Free School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Fort Edward Union Free School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. Given these limitations during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

We did identify several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. This letter does not affect our report dated October 13, 2015 on the financial statements of Fort Edward Union Free School District. We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and suggestions with various District personnel. Our comments are summarized as follows:

Fund Balance

The District's unassigned fund balance at June 30, 2015 (\$680,664) was approximately 6.2% of the 2015-16 budget, which exceeds by \$244,520 the amount allowed by real property tax law \$1318 which is 4%. Management is aware of this overage in fund balance and will continue to monitor this situation during the 2015-16 school year in furthering their effort to comply with existing law. In addition, during July 2015, the Board of Education approved a \$200,000 transfer of unassigned fund balance to the tax certiorari reserve.

Board Member Financial Oversight Training

As mentioned in the prior year's letter to management, New York State law requires all school board members elected or appointed on or after July 1, 2005 to complete at least six hours of training on financial oversight, accountability and fiduciary responsibilities. During our audit, we noted that four of the District's nine board members did not have proof that they had completed the required training. Although the board members in question indicated that they had received said training, the District did not retain a record of course completion. We recommend that the District establish a procedure to ensure that proof of board member training is kept with the District's permanent records.

Purchase Order Increases

During our audit procedures, it was noted that there were inconsistencies as to when increases to purchase orders were approved by the purchasing agent. To address this issue, it is our understanding that Management intends to implement a policy whereby purchasing agent approval will be required for any purchase order changes in excess of \$200 or if the intent of the purchase order changes.

School Breakfast Receipts

Our audit procedures noted that as part of the District's internal controls over cash receipts, a school lunch employee has another individual recount and initial the daily cash collection for lunches served. If practical, from a cost vs. benefit perspective, we suggest that the District be consistent and have the same procedure followed for the collection of breakfast cash receipts.

Extraclassroom Activity Funds

Only bona fide student organizations should be included in the Extraclassroom Activity Funds and any non-operating activities should be closed into another organized club designated by the Board of Education. We noted that the Softball Club has had no activity during the last two years. Business office personnel indicated to us that they have notified the appropriate advisor regarding the availability of the funds. During the 2015-2016 school year, we recommend that the District evaluate the viability of this activity account and, if deemed necessary, take the appropriate action to liquidate the remaining monies (\$498).

We thank the School District personnel for their courtesy and assistance extended to us during our audit.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education, management, and others within the administration and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

FLYNN, WALKER, DIGGIN C.P.A., P.C.

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